

# Semantic-ontological combination of Business Rules and Business Processes in IT Service Management

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## Focusing on IT Service Management (ITSM)

- **ITSM: Alignment of IT Services with business processes and organizational requirements**
- **IT Service**
  - Any expendable IT-based activity
  - Composition of hardware & software
  - Usually decomposable into multiple components
- **Goals:**
  - Establish measurable IT performance indicators
  - Improve manageability of IT systems
- **Benefits:**
  - Agile and adaptive systems (competitive advantage)
  - Transparency in chargeability



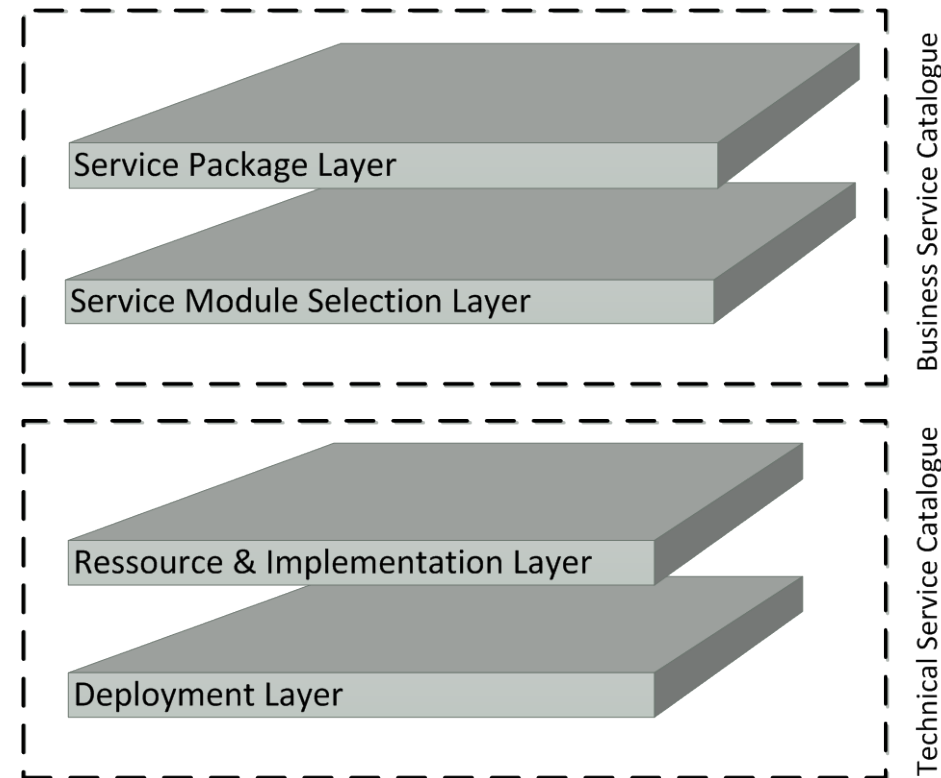
## IT Service Catalogue – a famous example for „the gap“

- **Business-IT gap**
  - Management perspective vs. IT perspective
  - Seamless integration of business processes
- **Service Catalogue Management**
  - Process of managing IT-related services
  - Contains various elements
  - Based on ITIL v3
- **Elements**
  - Request for Change (RFC)
  - Service Instances (SI)
  - Service Level Agreement (SLA)
  - Maintenance Contract (MTC)
  - All items contained in the Configuration Management Database (CMDB)



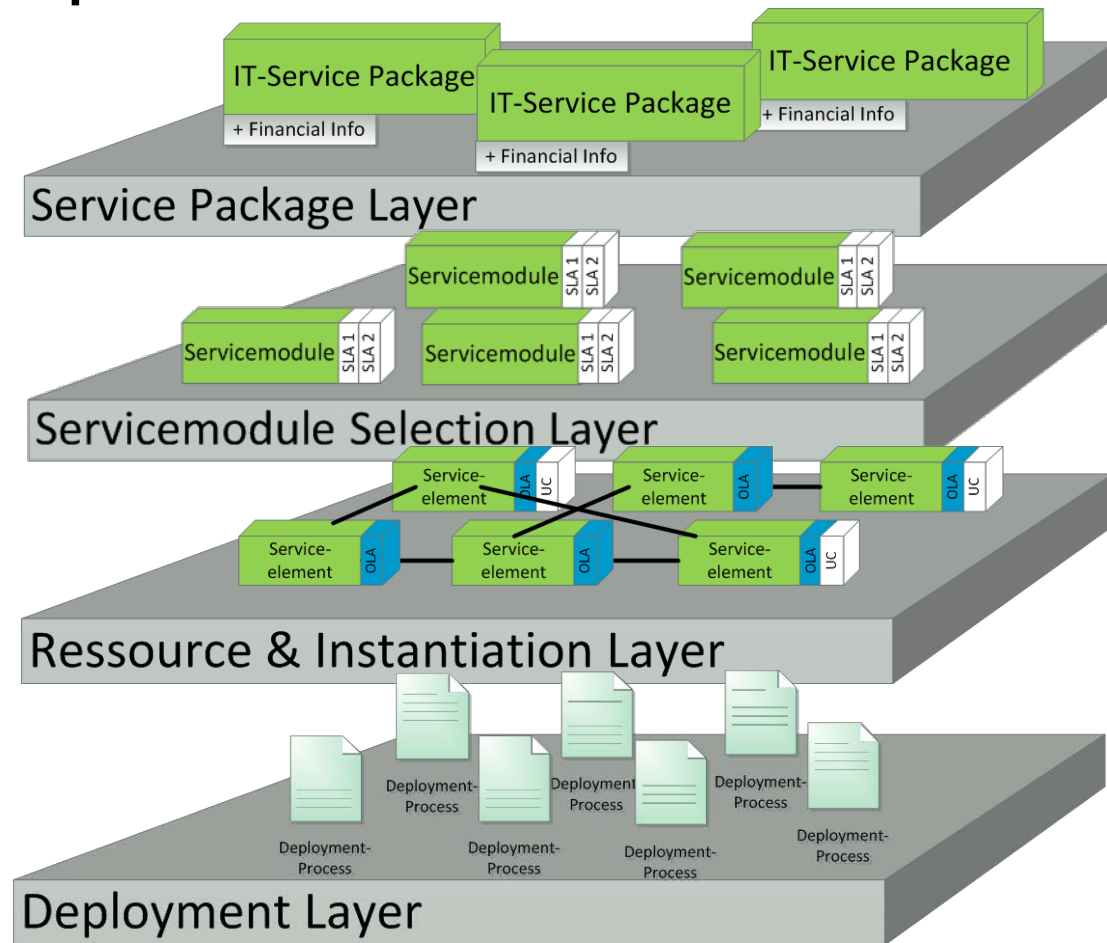
## Borders of the IT service catalogue

- **Business Service Catalogue**
  - Customer-facing list of services
  - Facilitated selection & composition
- **Technical Service Catalogue**
  - Internal resource description
  - Specifications & technical details
- **Broken down into Layers**
- **Loosely coupled elements**
- **Multitude of legal agreements**
- **Paradigm of inheritance**



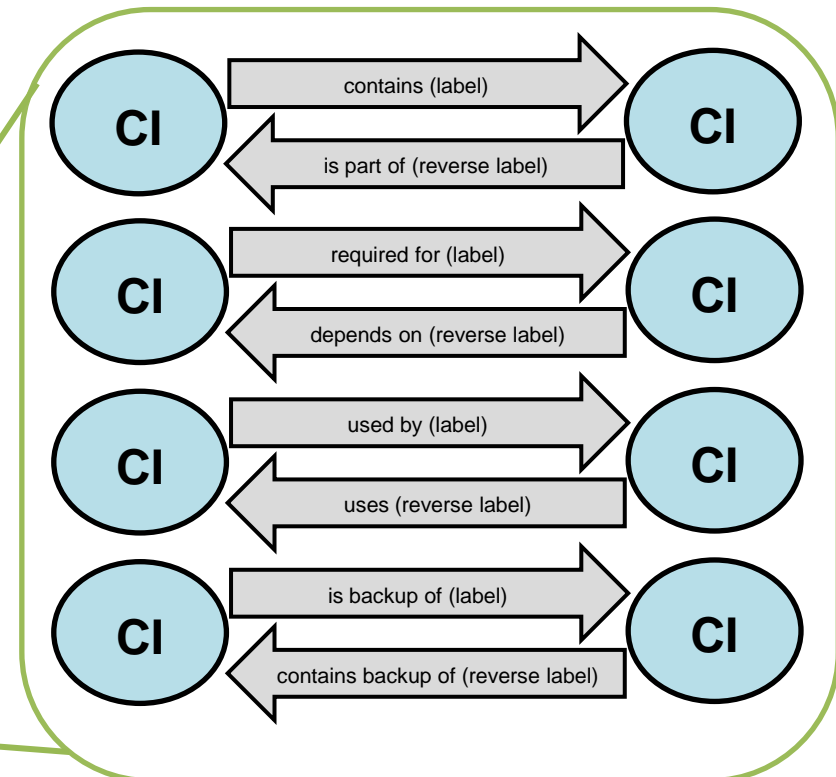
## Establishing a multi-layer perspective

- **Package Layer**
  - Overall service package
  - Aggregated financials
  - Categorization
- **Module Layer**
  - SLAs & MTCs
  - “Levels of Quality”
- **Resource Layer**
  - Operating Level Agreement
  - Underpinning Contract
  - Service Instances
- **Deployment Layer**
  - Deployment Processes
  - Tracking & Automation



## Semantic ITSM

- **Relations between configuration items (CIs)**
  - Parent-child relations
  - Bidirectional wording
- **Organizational dictionary**
  - Semantic ITSM environment
  - Basis for transition to ontologies
  - Impact on data model



## Utilizing semantic queries

### Goals

- Make services machine-discoverable
- Ensure consistency within service tree
- Express restrictions
- Extend data schema
- Basis for “ITSM ontology”

#### RDF statement

ci = (http://cmdb.fh-joanneum.at/ima/ci#)

ci : host rdfs : subClassOf ci : system

#### OWL Statement

object : nt a owl : Class; rdfs : subClassOf  
 [ a owl : Restriction;  
 owl : allValuesFrom object : hostresource;  
 owl : onProperty link : container\_f ]:

#### Topic map

topics:

Commands::

"rmdir,,

association => a("is command of", "Unix", "has command");

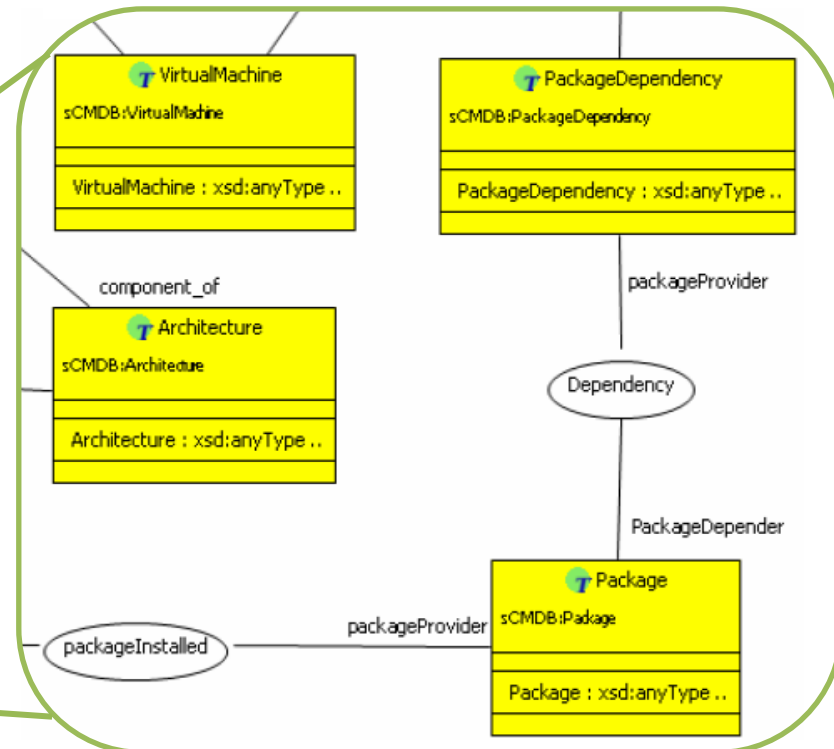
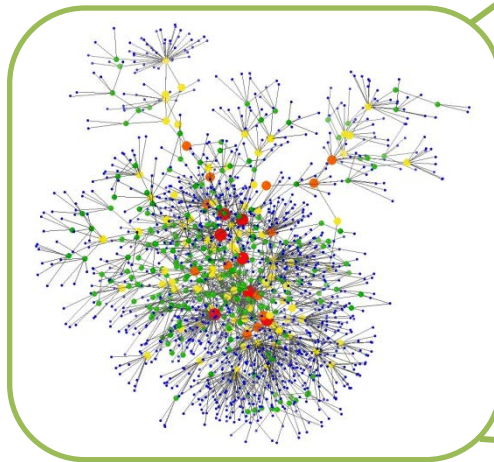
System\_Function::

"rmdir,,

association => a("is system call in", "Unix", "has system function");

## Incorporating Ontologies

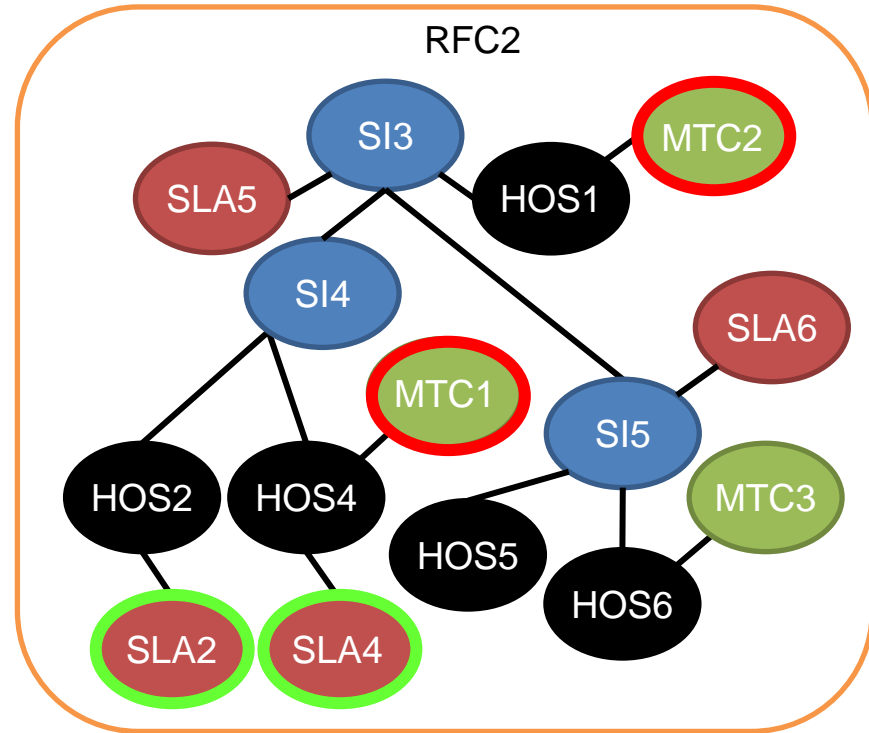
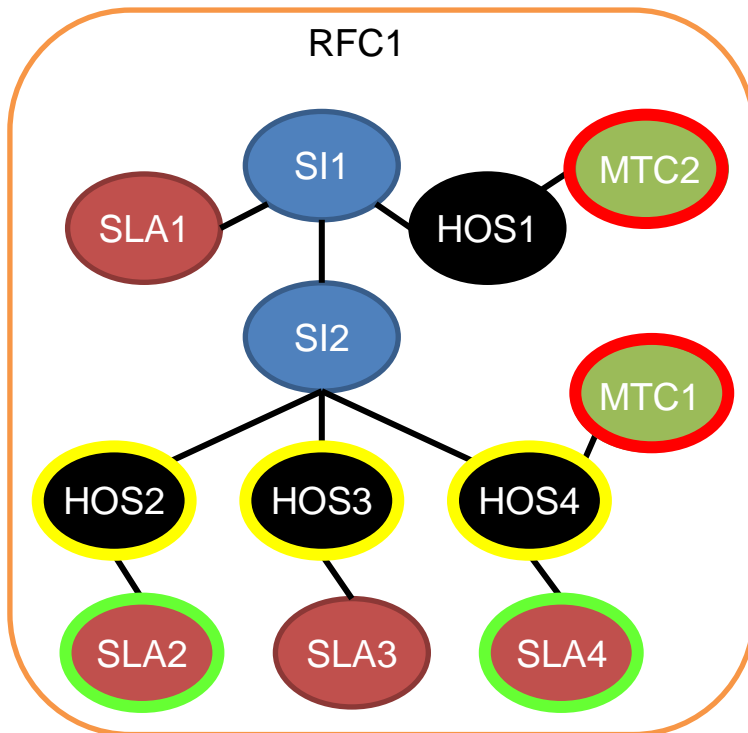
- **Bottom up approach (utilize already existing database model)**
  - Add semantic expressions as relationship attributes
  - No severe modifications to Db model
- **Mapping**
  - Relational Db <-> Topic Map
- **→ CMDB as Ontology**





## Application of rules - Inheritance within Service Trees

- Inheritance of SLAs and MTCs
- Service items used multiple times within different RFCs



## Integrating SBVR-based rules using DBMS triggers for execution

- **Three types of rules within complex ITSM service trees:**
  - 1. Prevent adding new SLAs or MTCs (inconsistencies or negative business impacts)
  - 2. Analyze and improve existing SLA and MTC structure
  - 3. SLAs definitions (legal statements)
- **Event-Condition-Action rule “in a box”**

### Structured English statement:

T:SLA  
T:SVC  
T:total fines  
F: SLA has total fines  
F:SLA is linked to SVC  
NR: For an SLA that is linked to an SVC it is obligatory that the total fines of the new SLA are less than the total fines of the old SLA.



### SQL expression:

```
CREATE TRIGGER "NR1" BEFORE UPDATE OF "SLA_id"  
ON "SLA-is_linked_to-SVC"  
WHEN NOT  
(SELECT "total fines" from "SLA" where id=new.SLA_id)<  
(SELECT "total fines" from "SLA" where id=old.SLA_id)  
BEGIN  
SELECT RAISE(ABORT, „Requirement of NR1 not met“);  
END;
```

# Challenges

## Layered ITSM service tree

- Procedure for SLA prioritization (use of business intelligence?)
- Close investigation of paradigm regarding ITSM service tree inheritance
- Optimization of complex service trees (customer's vs. IT provider's perspective)

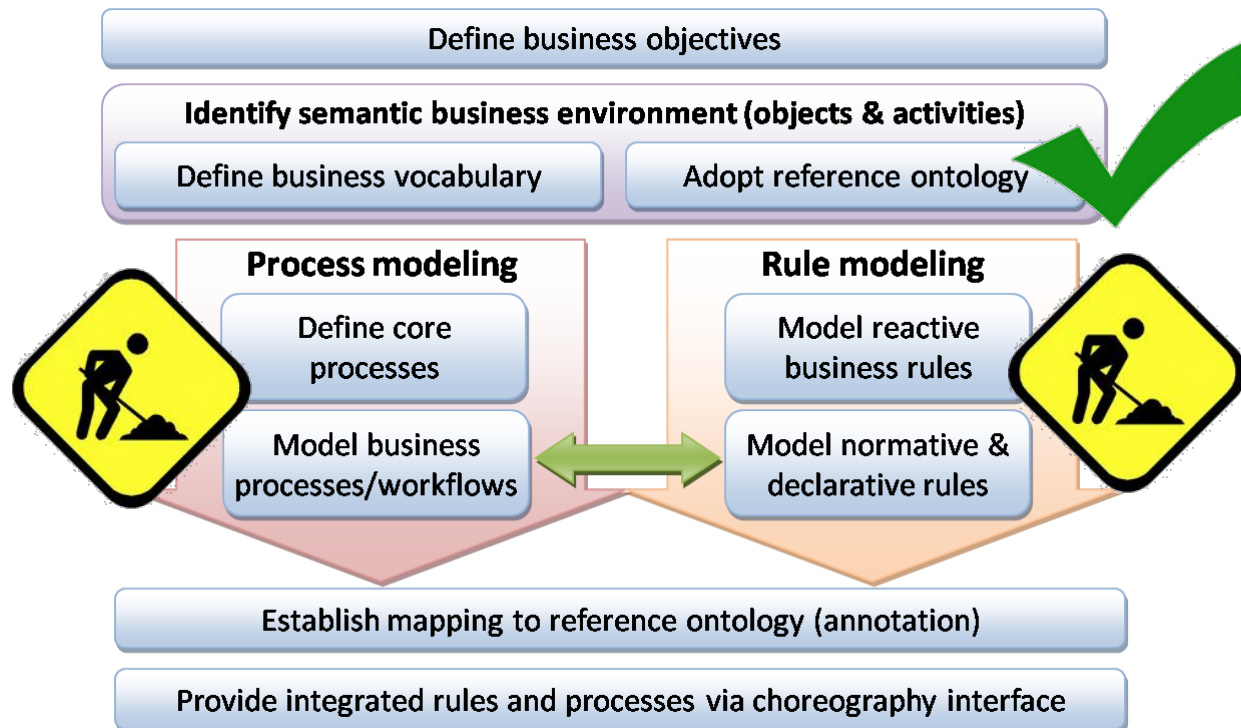
## Involvement of semantics

- Challenge towards the underlying data model
- Verbalizing MTC/OLA/UC-related statements
- Requirements of SBVR must be met by database models
- SBVR to SQL conversion requires strongly controlled natural language



## Referring to the procedure model for ontological BPM & BRM

- Independent modeling of business processes and rules
- Establish (reference) enterprise ontology
- Allow seamless IT integration



## Academic Background

### Research group - Enterprise Engineering & Integration

#### Publication

*Establishing conceptual and functional links between S-BPM and business rules  
(Sellner, Zinser)*

*A procedure model for combining business rules and processes within ontologies  
(Sellner, Paschke, Zinser)*



#### PhD Theses

- *Linking BPM and BRM through enterprise ontologies (Alexander Sellner)*
- *Semantic Outsourcing Relationship Management (Christopher Schwarz)*

#### Student projects/theses

- Implementation of Semantic Outsourcing Relationship Management
- Semantic IT Service Management (Bachelor Thesis - Mathias Schreiner)

# Thank you!

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